



BCE Special Ceramics

WP 3.4.1

Ceramic possibilities other components
Rupture Discs & Buckling Test Rods

General considerations and Objectives:

- why ceramic rupture discs ?
- feasibility
- economic aspects
- real technical improvement
- ceramic rupture discs
would be above state of the art
as long as standard is metall

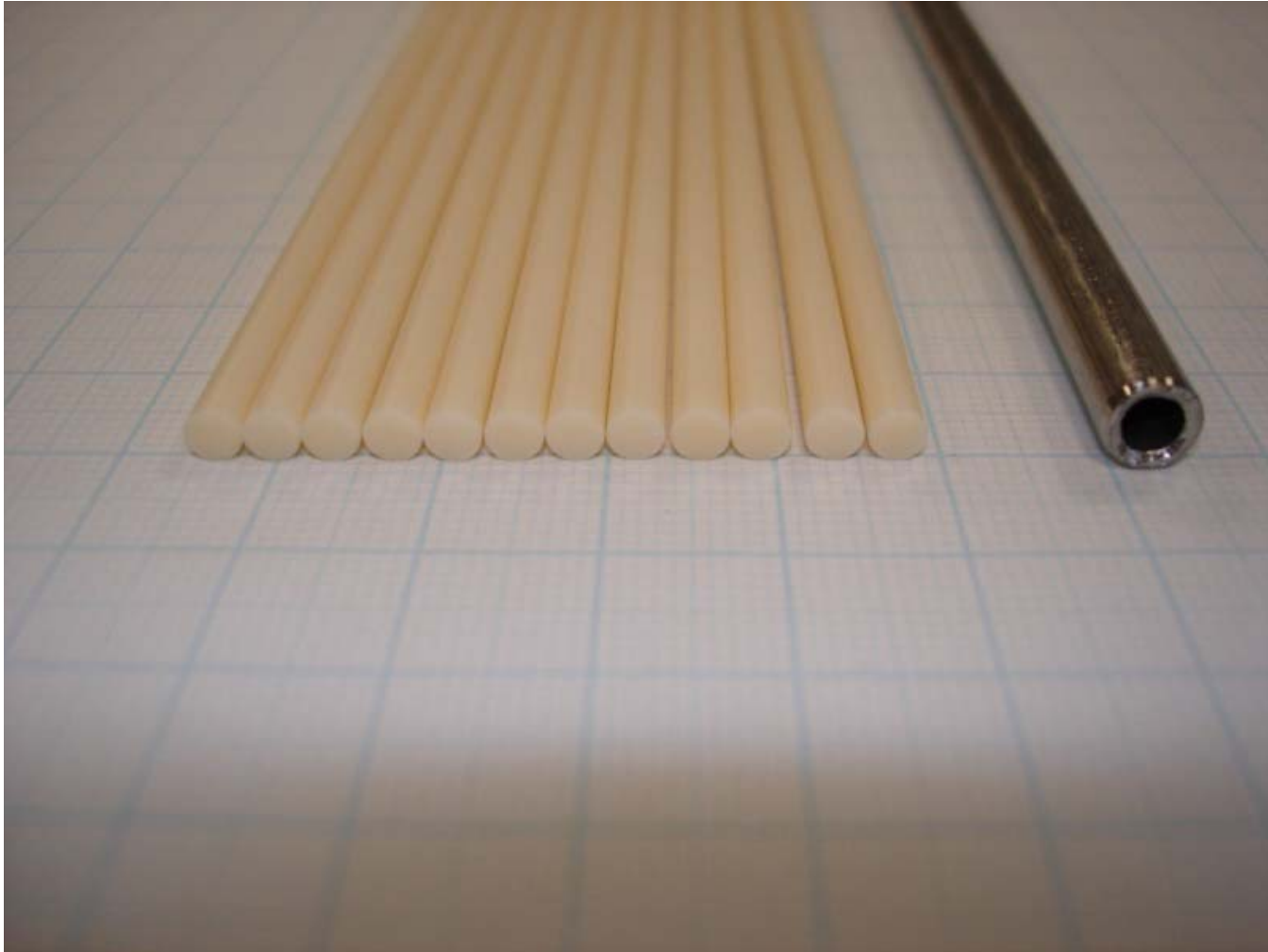
General considerations concerning Rupture Discs:

- Ceramic should show no fatigue effects
- Highstrength material like ZrO₂ Y-TZP
- Longterm durability and stability
- Loads must be in the region of subcritical crack growth
- Surface quality might be critical for exact burst pressures

Samples of Discs



Rods 3,5 and steel tubes for buckling tests / modelling



Research performed

- Samples provided to partners for testing:
- 9 completely coated cylinders (5 coatings)
- 5 Samples for Oiltesting (5 diff. coatings)
- 10 Samples for corrosion testing
- Matrix for surface grinding / finishing testing (12 samples, 3 diff. coatings)
- Continuous grinding / finishing optimisation

General considerations:

- feasibility
- economic aspects
- environmental impact
- real technical improvement

Samples with different layers shall be

- prepared
- studied under material aspects
- tested in varying conditions

Rods and cylinders: ceramic based coating on TiO₂ particles



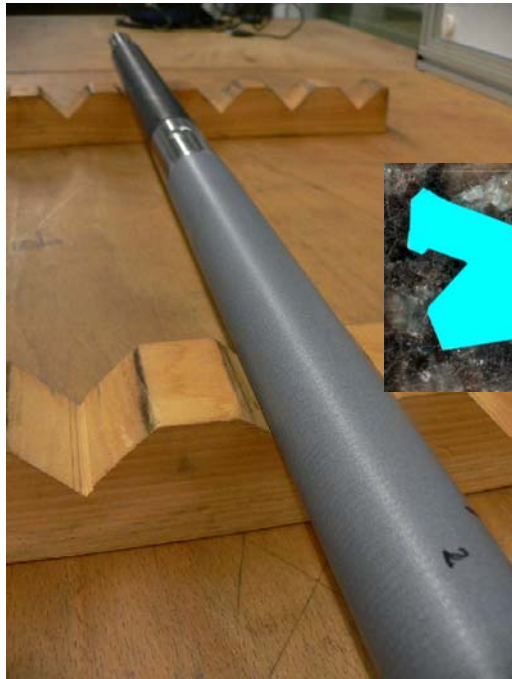
Results with coating Nr II (WC + PTFE a)

- coated cylinder performed 250.000 doublestrokes with 300 mm way
- no noticable oil leakage with L-Cup PU Z20
- sealing showed only 0,01 g mass loss
- sealing showed only 5 % geometry deviation

Results with coating Type 3 (TiO₂)

- dramatic leakage after 1500 double-strokes
- wear of sealing
- lack of adherence of the coating
- corrosion in salt water

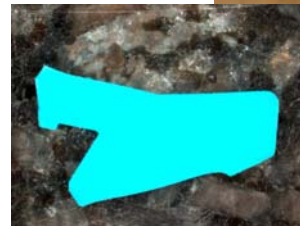
Testing on Ceramic Coated Rods



$R_z = 15,2 \mu\text{m}$



Loss of about
12% of
pretension
(-0,002 Gr.)



Loss of more
than 50% of
pretension
(-0,3 Gr.)



$R_z = 5,13 \mu\text{m}$

Test to be stopped after 1500 doublestrokes